



ZyLAB Security and Compliance

An overview of security policies, measures, and certifications for ZyLAB ONE and ZyLAB Legal Hold

Goals and Commitments

There's no such thing as too safe

ZyLAB delivers innovative software for information requests, fact finding missions and communications tracking in electronic data sets related to business-critical projects of governmental agencies, law firms and companies of all sizes.

ZyLAB appreciates that our customers place their trust in our company every day and that we have a responsibility to manage and protect our customers' information assets in exactly the same way as we protect our own. ZyLAB takes this responsibility very seriously and is fully committed to complying with industry best practices in regards to information security as illustrated in our overall Security & Compliance strategy.

Information Security Goals & Principal Service Commitments

Being active in the legal technology space adds requirements for ZyLAB to not only produce secure software, but also deliver a secure Software as a Service (SaaS) platform for our solutions. Customers require a high level of security for their information being stored under ZyLAB's control.

To meet these goals, ZyLAB maintains strict information security policies and has defined several information security goals:

Security - ZyLAB ONE eDiscovery and ZyLAB Legal Hold are protected against unauthorized access, unauthorized disclosure of information, and damage to systems that could compromise the availability, integrity, confidentiality, and privacy of any client data.

Confidentiality - Confidentiality of information systems ensures only authorized entities can access the system and its data. ZyLAB processes customer confidential data in its applications that needs the appropriate protection against potential security risks. ZyLAB is a trustworthy organization securing information for its customers and itself.

Integrity - Integrity is all about trustworthiness of information systems. Our security measures work to prevent unauthorized alteration of information processed in services offered by ZyLAB. This supports customer satisfaction and makes ZyLAB a trustworthy business partner.

Availability - Availability is the characteristic that provides the information systems to authorized users when required, which supports customer satisfaction. ZyLAB ONE eDiscovery and ZyLAB Legal Hold is available for operation and use in accordance with ZyLAB service levels.

Privacy - ZyLAB does not disclose any information, present in ZyLAB ONE eDiscovery or ZyLAB Legal Hold, to any third-party without prior client approval. ZyLAB is GDPR-compliant and follows GDPR regulations and requirements relating to our solutions.

ZyLAB designs its processes, procedures and operational requirements related to its solutions to meet these service commitments. The related requirements are

communicated in ZyLAB's Information Security Management System (ISMS), policies and procedures, system design documentation, and contracts with customers. These policies include how the service is designed and developed, how the system is operated, how the internal business systems and networks are managed and how employees are hired and trained. In addition to these policies, standard operating procedures have been documented on how to carry out specific manual and automated processes required in the operation and development of the system.

The way ZyLAB manages information security is based on the Network Application Consortium ESA framework. To ensure a pragmatic security framework, the Risk Bow-tie methodology is integrated in the NAC ESA framework. Besides this framework, requirements from ISO27001 and SOC2 are integrated in the security program.

Security management

ZyLAB's security team consisting of a security officer and security champions responsible for management of (information) security throughout the organization. The Security Officer holds a position on the Security Steering Committee, which maintains security credentials and is required to annually sign and acknowledge their review of the information security policies.

The security team is responsible for developing, maintaining, and enforcing ZyLAB's information security policies. The ISMS policy is reviewed annually by the CEO and CFO, and it is approved by the Security Steering Committee.

The Security Steering Committee maintains security within the organization and monitors known incidents and patches as well as results from recent vulnerability assessments and addresses necessary changes to the policies and procedures. Such changes can include a reclassification of data, a reassessment of risk, changes in incident response plans, or a verification of responsibilities for authorizing and monitoring accesses. Changes are reviewed and communicated during regular Software Development and Operations meetings or through system/company alerts.

During annual security training and awareness programs, management ensures communication of the latest security policies as well as written job descriptions for security management. In addition, dedicated security training for specific departments and specific roles is maintained on annual basis. (e.g. CloudOPS and developers).





Security Certifications

Standardized Certificates

ISO27001

The ISO/IEC 27000 family of standards helps organizations keep information assets secure.

ISO/IEC 27001 is the best-known standard in the family providing requirements for an Information Security Management System (ISMS). Since 2017, the ZyLAB policies, procedures and way of working have been formalized according to the ISO/IEC 27000 series.

ZyLAB obtained the ISO/IEC 27001:2013 certification proving that it has successfully implemented ISMS in November 2018.

SOC2

Developed by the American Institute of CPAs (AICPA), Service Organization Control (SOC) 2 is specifically designed for service providers storing customer data in the cloud.

SOC 2 certification requires that companies establish and follow strict information security policies and procedures based on five “trust service principles”.

To support ZyLAB’s mission and vision, the SOC2 service commitments (“trust service principles”) are defined and implemented to include the full scope of the SOC2 framework: Security, Confidentiality, Availability, Processing integrity and Privacy.

ZyLAB achieved SOC2 certification in May 2020.

Cloud Security Alliance (CSA) STAR 1

The Cloud Security Alliance (CSA) is a non-profit organization providing knowledge on securing cloud infrastructures. CSA performs ongoing research and develops resources to help companies improve their cloud environments.

The main goal of the CSA information security program and the security management activities is to manage consequences caused by security threats for the organization.

ZyLAB is a CSA STAR Level 1 organization and has been a registered member of CSA since 2018.

Controls and Compliance

Security by Design

Below is an overview of security and compliance information for capabilities within ZyLAB solutions. For additional detail on how ZyLAB manages security for its solutions, please consult our responses to the Consensus Assessment Initiatives Questionnaire (CAIQ) at the end of this document.

Datacenter

ZyLAB ONE eDiscovery and ZyLAB Legal Hold are hosted in Microsoft Azure Cloud. ZyLAB utilizes 2 production environments: – Azure EU (West Europe - NL) for EU based customers and – Azure US (East) for US based customers. No replication of data between datacenters is allowed by our policies; Azure Cloud meets security policies which are determined based upon requirements from ISO27001 & SOC2 and the organization's threat profile. More information on Azure Cloud can be found at Microsoft's [trust center](#).

Data Encryption

To ensure confidentiality and integrity of data, encryption of data is applied both in transit and at rest. Data at rest is all data stored or processed in systems, while data traveling between IT components is considered data in transit. Data traveling across public networks (i.e. Internet) require encryption to ensure no one altered or captured the data.

ZyLAB solutions support data encryption: At Rest – Both at Storage level as well as VM level (Azure managed Disks & Bitlocker) encryption keys are stored and managed in Azure Key Vault. In transit - HTTPS with TLS v1.2, SHA 256-2048 bits;

Customer Isolation and Segregation

ZyLAB ONE - Each customer has its own dedicated environment that consist of dedicated resources (Azure Resource Groups) – Virtual Machines, Containers, Storage, Network (Azure subnet). Network Security Groups - NSG (Firewall & Security) NSGs are the gatekeepers of all virtual network subnets to allow/deny traffic from/to subnet and allow Customer isolation; ZyLAB Legal Hold is a multi-tenant solution. Customer data is segregated on Architectural and Storage levels. The isolation is enforced as a separate Application Layer.

Monitoring and Intrusion Detection

ZyLAB has an Information Security Incident Management policy in place, which addresses the measures to prevent, detect, correct and communicate on any security incident within the ZyLAB domain. Azure Security Center is implemented to support ZyLAB in this domain. Azure systems and applications log all relevant events. Logs are streamed to a centralized service (Log Analytics). Active notifications and alerts are in place. Azure Application Gateway (Web Application Firewall) - End-to-end SSL traffic (no offloading), URL restriction and OWASP 3.0 rule set are active and set in Prevention/ Detection mode. ZyLAB uses Azure DDoS prevention on Virtual Network and internet facing endpoint (Web Application Firewall).

System Availability

The Cloud Operations department monitors the availability of ZyLAB systems, meaning the uptime, of our infrastructure in general and client environments specifically on a day-to-day basis. Special dashboard have been implemented to monitor the uptime of customer applications and triggers have been implemented to alert on important issues.

Cloud Operations has also implemented thresholds on the processing capacity of Azure services. If the threshold is exceeded, Cloud Operations reviews the alert and, if necessary, adds new services to ensure uptime and performance of the platform.

Access Control

Authentication and identity management is done via Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) – to ensure that only authorized users can access the ZyLAB solutions.

Authorization is handled within our applications and roles and permissions can be assigned and defined to users. Multi Factor Authentication (MFA) is supported. Secure password policies are in place. Single Sign-On (SSO) through Azure B2C or customer AAD is supported using OpenID-Connect protocol.

Vulnerability Scans and Third Party Verification

Vulnerability scans in the form of dynamic penetration testing of ZyLAB solutions is performed on a monthly basis and static code analysis is performed on a weekly basis. An annual penetration test by an independent 3rd party is performed on the ZyLAB solutions.

ZyLAB supports the “Agree to be Audited” approach: customers can perform their own penetration tests on the ZyLAB solutions upon request and approval.

Malicious Code Protection

Code Protection is achieved through Azure AntiVirus and AntiMalware services. All ICT components are protected against malicious software which is centrally managed and controlled. Malware prevention software is configured to clean malicious software. If cleaning is not possible, the content is stored in quarantine. Malware prevention software is configured to update daily.

Data Redundancy (High Availability) and Disaster Recovery

Customer environments and applications can be restored/deployed automatically via deployment automation pipelines. A customer tenant environment can be restored to a previous state in time. Customer data is backed-up daily. ZyLAB keeps daily backups for 8 days and weekly backups for 5 weeks. This scheme enables restoration of the latest healthy state. ZyLAB is utilizing Azure Backup & Restore services with local redundancy. Backup and restore are tested periodically. All backups are stored in encrypted format. ZyLAB's SQL servers run in High Availability mode to allow redundancy and performance.

Product Development

ZyLAB has implemented a Secure Software Development Process. All development is performed in-house. Peer reviews, static code scans and dynamic penetration testing are part of ZyLAB's Secure Development Process which follows the OWASP guidelines. Software Security by Design is the leading concept: The goal is to minimize security-related vulnerabilities in the design, code, and documentation phases and to detect and eliminate vulnerabilities as early as possible in the development lifecycle. These actions reduce the number and severity of security vulnerabilities and improve the protection of users' data & privacy.

| Question ID | Consensus Assessment Questions | Consensus Assessment Answers | | | Notes |
|-------------|--|------------------------------|----|----------------|---|
| | | Yes | No | Not Applicable | |
| AIS-01.1 | Do you use industry standards (i.e. OWASP Software Assurance Maturity Model, ISO 27034) to build in security for your Systems/Software Development Lifecycle (SDLC)? | X | | | ZyLab follows the OWASP framework: SAMM, Top10, Testing Guides & ASVS. ZyLab is ISO27001 & SOC2 certified. |
| AIS-01.2 | Do you use an automated source code analysis tool to detect security defects in code prior to production? | X | | | We use Sonarqube for security static code analysis (https://www.sonarqube.org/). It is part of our CI pipeline. Those scans run on a weekly basis. Issues found are translated into Security Defects and being handled according to severity. |
| AIS-01.3 | Do you use manual source-code analysis to detect security defects in code prior to production? | | X | | ZyLAB uses automated source code analysis - Sonarqube. Security analysis is also part of code reviews. |
| AIS-01.4 | Do you verify that all of your software suppliers adhere to industry standards for Systems/Software Development Lifecycle (SDLC) security? | X | | | ZyLAB software development is done in-house only. Azure services in use are provided by Microsoft and follow Security SDLC. |
| AIS-01.5 | (SaaS only) Do you review your applications for security vulnerabilities and address any issues prior to deployment to production? | X | | | Static and dynamic scans are part of each SaaS release (Bi-weekly). Issues are addressed according to their severity. |
| AIS-02.1 | Are all identified security, contractual, and regulatory requirements for customer access contractually addressed and remediated prior to granting customers access to data, assets, and information systems? | X | | | Part of ZyLAB's customer SaaS agreement |
| AIS-02.2 | Are all requirements and trust levels for customers' access defined and documented? | X | | | Part of ZyLAB's ISMS. ZyLAB is ISO27001 & SOC2 certified |
| AIS-03.1 | Does your data management policies and procedures require audits to verify data input and output integrity routines? | X | | | Following OWASP guidelines we validate High risk code with emphasis on input and output validation and encryption/encoding. ZyLAB follows a Secure Development Lifecycle model inspired by Microsoft. Security is assessed in Requirements, Design, Development & validation/Testing phases |
| AIS-03.2 | Are data input and output integrity routines (i.e. MD5/SHA checksums) implemented for application interfaces and databases to prevent manual or systematic processing errors or corruption of data? | X | | | MD5/SHA checksums are performed as part of data processing integrity. As described in ZyLAB's SOC2 report in processing Integrity trust criteria |
| AIS-04.1 | Is your Data Security Architecture designed using an industry standard (e.g., CDSA, MULTISAFE, CSA Trusted Cloud Architectural Standard, FedRAMP, CAESARS)? | X | | | ZyLAB follows OWASP guidelines. |
| AAC-01.1 | Do you develop and maintain an agreed upon audit plan (e.g., scope, objective, frequency, resources, etc.) for reviewing the efficiency and effectiveness of implemented security controls? | X | | | As part of ZyLAB ISMS and security program ZyLAB holds Audit plans for Internal audits as well as external audits (ISO27001 & SOC2) that review the efficiency & effectiveness of implemented security controls. |
| AAC-01.2 | Does your audit program take into account effectiveness of implementation of security operations? | X | | | |
| AAC-02.1 | Do you allow tenants to view your SOC2/ISO 27001 or similar third-party audit or certification reports? | X | | | On request. Requires NDA. |
| AAC-02.2 | Do you conduct network penetration tests of your cloud service infrastructure at least annually? | X | | | PenTests are conducted on a Staging Azure environment monthly and periodically/annually by external independent 3rd party. |
| AAC-02.3 | Do you conduct application penetration tests of your cloud infrastructure regularly as prescribed by industry best practices and guidance? | X | | | PenTests are conducted on a Staging Azure environment monthly and periodically/annually by external independent 3rd party. |
| AAC-02.4 | Do you conduct internal audits at least annually? | X | | | Yes. As part of ISO27001 & SOC2 requirements. |
| AAC-02.5 | Do you conduct independent audits at least annually? | X | | | Yes. As part of ISO27001 & SOC2 requirements. |
| AAC-02.6 | Are the results of the penetration tests available to tenants at their request? | X | | | On request. Requires NDA. |
| AAC-02.7 | Are the results of internal and external audits available to tenants at their request? | X | | | On request. Requires NDA. |
| AAC-03.1 | Do you have a program in place that includes the ability to monitor changes to the regulatory requirements in relevant jurisdictions, adjust your security program for changes to legal requirements, and ensure compliance with relevant regulatory requirements? | X | | | Part of ZyLAB's ISMS. ZyLAB is ISO27001 & SOC2 certified |
| BCR-01.1 | Does your organization have a plan or framework for business continuity management or disaster recovery management? | X | | | Business Continuity and Disaster recovery policies and related procedures are part of ZyLAB ISMS (as also required by ISO27001 & SOC2) |
| BCR-01.2 | Do you have more than one provider for each service you depend on? | | X | | ZyLAB uses Azure as Cloud platform for hosting ZyLAB's solution |
| BCR-01.3 | Do you provide a disaster recovery capability? | X | | | Business Continuity and Disaster recovery policies and related procedures are part of ZyLAB ISMS (as also required by ISO27001 & SOC2) |
| BCR-01.4 | Do you monitor service continuity with upstream providers in the event of provider failure? | X | | | ZyLAB uses Azure as Cloud platform for hosting ZyLAB's solution |
| BCR-01.5 | Do you provide access to operational redundancy reports, including the services you rely on? | X | | | ZyLAB uses Azure as Cloud platform for hosting ZyLAB's solution. Microsoft Azure is ISO27001 and OSC2 certified and provide SOC2 reports that include operational redundancy reports |
| BCR-01.6 | Do you provide a tenant-triggered failover option? | | X | | |
| BCR-01.7 | Do you share your business continuity and redundancy plans with your tenants? | X | | | requires NDA |

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| | | Yes | No | Not Applicable | |
| BCR-02.1 | Are business continuity plans subject to testing at planned intervals or upon significant organizational or environmental changes to ensure continuing effectiveness? | X | | | Business Continuity and Disaster recovery policies and related procedures are part of ZylAB ISMS (as also required by ISO27001 & SOC2). Business continuity plans are tested annually. |
| BCR-03.1 | Does your organization adhere to any international or industry standards when it comes to securing, monitoring, maintaining and testing of datacenter utilities services and environmental conditions? | X | | | ZylAB uses Azure as Cloud platform for hosting ZylAB's solution. ZylAB, as well as Microsoft Azure is ISO27001 & SOC2 certified. |
| BCR-03.2 | Has your organization implemented environmental controls, fail-over mechanisms or other redundancies to secure utility services and mitigate environmental conditions? | X | | | Business Continuity and Disaster recovery policies and related procedures are part of ZylAB ISMS (as also required by ISO27001 & SOC2) |
| BCR-04.1 | Are information system documents (e.g., administrator and user guides, architecture diagrams, etc.) made available to authorized personnel to ensure configuration, installation and operation of the information system? | X | | | |
| BCR-05.1 | Is physical damage anticipated and are countermeasures included in the design of physical protections? | X | | | Business Continuity and Disaster recovery policies and related procedures are part of ZylAB ISMS (as also required by ISO27001 & SOC2). This includes Physical protection against damage from natural causes and disasters, as well as deliberate attacks. |
| BCR-06.1 | Are any of your data centers located in places that have a high probability/occurrence of high-impact environmental risks (floods, tornadoes, earthquakes, hurricanes, etc.)? | | X | | We currently support 2 Azure geo locations: US (East) & EU (West Europe). MS Azure follows ISO27001 regarding business continuity and operational resilience. |
| BCR-07.1 | Do you have documented policies, procedures and supporting business processes for equipment and datacenter maintenance? | X | | | Part of ZylAB ISMS and ISO27001 & SOC2 requirements. ZylAB solution is hosted in Microsoft Azure data centers in 2 Azure geo locations: US (East) & EU (West Europe). MS Azure follows ISO27001 regarding business continuity and operational resilience. |
| BCR-07.2 | Do you have an equipment and datacenter maintenance routine or plan? | X | | | Part of ZylAB ISMS and ISO27001 & SOC2 requirements. ZylAB solution is hosted in Microsoft Azure data centers in 2 Azure geo locations: US (East) & EU (West Europe). MS Azure follows ISO27001 regarding business continuity and operational resilience. |
| BCR-08.1 | Are security mechanisms and redundancies implemented to protect equipment from utility service outages (e.g., power failures, network disruptions, etc.)? | X | | | Part of ZylAB ISMS and ISO27001 & SOC2 requirements. ZylAB solution is hosted in Microsoft Azure data centers in 2 Azure geo locations: US (East) & EU (West Europe). MS Azure follows ISO27001 regarding business continuity and operational resilience. |
| BCR-09.1 | Do you use industry standards and frameworks to determine the impact of any disruption to your organization (i.e. criticality of services and recovery priorities, disruption tolerance, RPO and RTO etc) ? | X | | | Part of ZylAB ISMS and ISO27001 & SOC2 requirements. ZylAB solution is hosted in Microsoft Azure data centers in 2 Azure geo locations: US (East) & EU (West Europe). MS Azure follows ISO27001 regarding business continuity and operational resilience. RPO and RTO are provided for the ZylAB solution. |
| BCR-09.2 | Does your organization conduct impact analysis pertaining to possible disruptions to the cloud service? | X | | | Part of ZylAB ISMS and ISO27001 & SOC2 requirements. ZylAB solution is hosted in Microsoft Azure data centers in 2 Azure geo locations: US (East) & EU (West Europe). MS Azure follows ISO27001 regarding business continuity and operational resilience. |
| BCR-10.1 | Are policies and procedures established and made available for all personnel to adequately support services operations' roles? | X | | | Part of ZylAB ISMS and ISO27001 & SOC2 requirements. All personnel are following ISMS policies and procedures. |

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|-------------|---|------------------------------|----|----------------|--|
| | | Yes | No | Not Applicable | |
| BCR-11.1 | Do you have technical capabilities to enforce tenant data retention policies? | X | | | ZyLAB keeps daily night backups with retention of 8 days and weekly backups are kept for 5 weeks. That enables restoration of latest healthy state. More frequent backup policy can be applied upon request, to provide point in time rescue capability of short windows. |
| BCR-11.2 | Do you have documented policies and procedures demonstrating adherence to data retention periods as per legal, statutory or regulatory compliance requirements? | X | | | part of ZyLAB ISMS and customer agreement |
| BCR-11.3 | Have you implemented backup or recovery mechanisms to ensure compliance with regulatory, statutory, contractual or business requirements? | X | | | We utilize Azure Back & Restore services as well as high availability mechanisms (redundancy). |
| BCR-11.4 | If using virtual infrastructure, does your cloud solution include independent hardware restore and recovery capabilities? | X | | | We currently support 2 Azure geo locations: US (East) & EU (West Europe). MS Azure follows ISO27001 regarding business continuity and operational resilience. |
| BCR-11.5 | If using virtual infrastructure, do you provide tenants with a capability to restore a virtual machine to a previous configuration? | | X | | ZyLAB operates the Azure Cloud production environment. We have the ability to restore a tenant environment to a previous state in time. |
| BCR-11.6 | Does your cloud solution include software/provider independent restore and recovery capabilities? | X | | | ZyLAB utilize Azure Backup and Restore (Recovery) services for VM, Storage & DBs. |
| BCR-11.7 | Do you test your backup or redundancy mechanisms at least annually? | X | | | Part of ZyLAB ISMS and ISO27001 & SOC2 requirements. |
| CCC-01.1 | Are policies and procedures established for management authorization for development or acquisition of new applications, systems, databases, infrastructure, services, operations and facilities? | X | | | As Described in ZyLAB's ZY_ISP109 System Acquisition, Development and Maintenance Policy as part of IS27001. |
| CCC-02.1 | Are policies and procedures for change management, release, and testing adequately communicated to external business partners? | X | | | As Described in ZyLAB's ZY_ISP109 System Acquisition, Development and Maintenance Policy as part of IS27001. |
| CCC-02.2 | Are policies and procedures adequately enforced to ensure external business partners comply with change management requirements? | X | | | |
| CCC-03.1 | Do you have a defined quality change control and testing process in place based on system availability, confidentiality, and integrity? | X | | | As Described in ZyLAB's ZY_ISP109 System Acquisition, Development and Maintenance Policy as part of IS27001 and SOC2 requirements. |
| CCC-03.2 | Is documentation describing known issues with certain products/services available? | X | | | part of software user manual, online documentation and related software documents, release notes. |
| CCC-03.3 | Are there policies and procedures in place to triage and remedy reported bugs and security vulnerabilities for product and service offerings? | X | | | Policies and procedures are in place to define ZyLAB SDLC, they include QA activities and testing in general as well as Security testing, verification and remediation. (following OWASP and IS27001 guidelines) |
| CCC-03.4 | Do you have controls in place to ensure that standards of quality are being met for all software development? | X | | | Policies and procedures are in place to define ZyLAB SDLC, they include QA activities and testing in general as well as Security testing, verification and remediation. (following OWASP and IS27001 guidelines) |
| CCC-03.5 | Do you have controls in place to detect source code security defects for any outsourced software development activities? | X | | | ZyLAB does not outsource software development activities |
| CCC-03.6 | Are mechanisms in place to ensure that all debugging and test code elements are removed from released software versions? | X | | | As Described in ZyLAB's ZY_ISP109 System Acquisition, Development and Maintenance Policy as part of IS27001 and SOC2 requirements. |
| CCC-04.1 | Do you have controls in place to restrict and monitor the installation of unauthorized software onto your systems? | X | | | Change Tracking solution of Operational Insights Log Analytics detects changes on the environment. Only Cloud OPS are able and allowed to install software on systems. |
| CCC-05.1 | Do you provide tenants with documentation that describes your production change management procedures and their roles/rights/responsibilities within it? | X | | | ZyLAB holds detailed policies and procedures around production change management that describes the process, roles and responsibilities. Those are internal documents. Production changes are done only by ZyLAB Cloud Ops engineers and according to ISO27001 guidelines. Such information can be shared with customers upon NDA and as part of an audit. In ZyLAB's SOC2 report customer responsibilities are described. |
| CCC-05.2 | Do you have policies and procedures established for managing risks with respect to change management in production environments? | X | | | Part of ZyLAB's ISMS and ISO27001 & SOC2 requirements. Defined in ZyLABs Change Management procedure. |
| CCC-05.3 | Do you have technical measures in place to ensure that changes in production environments are registered, authorized and in adherence with existing SLAs? | X | | | Restricted Access control, change management procedure, tracking and monitoring, change logs etc. |

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| | | Yes | No | Not Applicable | |
| DSI-01.1 | Do you provide a capability to identify data and virtual machines via policy tags/metadata (e.g., tags can be used to limit guest operating systems from booting/instantiating/transporting data in the wrong country)? | X | | | VMs are tagged as described in Zylab's Operation Security policy and related procedures. |
| DSI-01.2 | Do you provide a capability to identify data and hardware via policy tags/metadata/hardware tags (e.g., TXT/TPM, VN-Tag, etc.)? | | X | | cloud assets (including VMs) are managed through Azure portal and following Zylab's Asset management policy (ISO27001 & SOC2) |
| DSI-02.1 | Do you inventory, document, and maintain data flows for data that is resident (permanent or temporary) within the services' applications and infrastructure network and systems? | X | | | All data uploaded and processed in the Zylab system is audited/documented. All data is bound within the tenant environment (using Azure Network Security Groups (NSG) for customer/tenant isolation). |
| DSI-02.2 | Can you ensure that data does not migrate beyond a defined geographical residency? | X | | | All data is bound within the tenant environment (using Azure Network Security Groups (NSG) for customer/tenant isolation). Each tenant environment resides within a single Azure geo location & physical geography location |
| DSI-03.1 | Do you provide standardized (e.g. ISO/IEC) non-proprietary encryption algorithms (3DES, AES, etc.) to tenants in order for them to protect their data if it is required to move through public networks (e.g., the Internet)? | X | | | Zylab encrypts data in transit (HTTPS with TLS 1.2, SHA 256-2048 bits). |
| DSI-03.2 | Do you utilize open encryption methodologies any time your infrastructure components need to communicate with each other via public networks (e.g., Internet-based replication of data from one environment to another)? | X | | | We utilize Azure Blobs which are encrypted automatically at rest. Blob transfer is done over HTTPS which is encrypted in transit. Zylab encrypts data in transit (HTTPS with TLS 1.2, SHA 256-2048 bits). |
| DSI-04.1 | Are policies and procedures established for data labeling and handling in order to ensure the security of data and objects that contain data? | X | | | Zylab is ISO27001 & SOC2 certified. |
| DSI-04.2 | Do you follow a structured data-labeling standard (e.g., ISO 15489, Oasis XML Catalog Specification, CSA data type guidance)? | X | | | data labeling and classification is defined in Zylab's Asset management policy. |
| DSI-04.3 | Are mechanisms for label inheritance implemented for objects that act as aggregate containers for data? | | | X | |
| DSI-05.1 | Do you have procedures in place to ensure production data shall not be replicated or used in non-production environments? | X | | | Zylab is ISO27001 certified. Production data only exists in the secure production environment. Access to production data is managed Zylab is ISO27001 certified. (test data is auto/machine generated and does not contain customer data) |
| DSI-06.1 | Are the responsibilities regarding data stewardship defined, assigned, documented, and communicated? | X | | | Zylab is ISO27001 certified |
| DSI-07.1 | Do you support the secure deletion (e.g., degaussing/cryptographic wiping) of archived and backed-up data? | X | | | As described in Zylab service license agreement |
| DSI-07.2 | Can you provide a published procedure for exiting the service arrangement, including assurance to sanitize all computing resources of tenant data once a customer has exited your environment or has vacated a resource? | | | X | Would be available upon request. |
| DCS-01.1 | Do you classify your assets in terms of business criticality, service-level expectations, and operational continuity requirements? | X | | | Zylab is ISO27001 certified. As described in ZY_ISP103 asset Management, ZY_ISP104 Access Control & ZY_ISP106 Physical and Environmental Security policies. |
| DCS-01.2 | Do you maintain a complete inventory of all of your critical assets located at all sites/ or geographical locations and their assigned ownership? | X | | | Zylab is ISO27001 certified. As described in ZY_ISP103 asset Management, ZY_ISP104 Access Control, ZY_ISP106 Physical and Environmental Security & ZY_ISP110 Supplier Management policies. |
| DCS-02.1 | Are physical security perimeters (e.g., fences, walls, barriers, guards, gates, electronic surveillance, physical authentication mechanisms, reception desks, and security patrols) implemented for all areas housing sensitive data and information systems? | X | | | Zylab is ISO27001 certified. As described in ZY_ISP103 asset Management, ZY_ISP104 Access Control & ZY_ISP106 Physical and Environmental Security policies. |
| DCS-03.1 | Do you have a capability to use system geographic location as an authentication factor? | | X | | Zylab uses Microsoft Azure B2C (Azure Active Directory) for Authentication including Multi factor Authentication (MFA) |
| DCS-03.2 | Is automated equipment identification used as a method to validate connection authentication integrity based on known equipment location? | | X | | Zylab uses Microsoft Azure B2C (Azure Active Directory) for Authentication including Multi factor Authentication (MFA) |

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| | | Yes | No | Not Applicable | |
| DCS-04.1 | Is authorization obtained prior to relocation or transfer of hardware, software, or data to an offsite premises? | | | X | ZyLAB solution is hosted in Microsoft Azure cloud only. |
| DCS-05.1 | Can you provide tenants with your asset management policies and procedures? | X | | | upon request. Requires NDA |
| DCS-06.1 | Can you provide evidence that policies, standards, and procedures have been established for maintaining a safe and secure working environment in offices, rooms, facilities, and secure areas? | X | | | ZyLAB is ISO27001 certified. As described in ZY_ISP103 asset Management, ZY_ISP104 Access Control & ZY_ISP106 Physical and Environmental Security policies. |
| DCS-06.2 | Can you provide evidence that your personnel and involved third parties have been trained regarding your documented policies, standards, and procedures? | X | | | ZyLAB is ISO27001 certified. As described in ZY_ISP103 asset Management, ZY_ISP104 Access Control & ZY_ISP106 Physical and Environmental Security policies. |
| DCS-07.1 | Are physical access control mechanisms (e.g. CCTV cameras, ID cards, checkpoints) in place to secure, constrain and monitor egress and ingress points? | X | | | Both for ZyLAB office as well as for Microsoft Azure data centers. |
| DCS-08.1 | Are ingress and egress points, such as service areas and other points where unauthorized personnel may enter the premises, monitored, controlled and isolated from data storage and process? | X | | | Both for ZyLAB office as well as for Microsoft Azure data centers. |
| DCS-09.1 | Do you restrict physical access to information assets and functions by users and support personnel? | X | | | ZyLAB is ISO27001 certified. As described in ZY_ISP103 asset Management, ZY_ISP104 Access Control & ZY_ISP106 Physical and Environmental Security policies. |
| EKM-01.1 | Do you have key management policies binding keys to identifiable owners? | X | | | ZyLAB is ISO27001 certified. As described in ZY_ISP105 Cryptography policy. |
| EKM-02.1 | Do you have a capability to allow creation of unique encryption keys per tenant? | X | | | ZyLAB is ISO27001 certified. As described in ZY_ISP105 Cryptography policy. |
| EKM-02.2 | Do you have a capability to manage encryption keys on behalf of tenants? | X | | | ZyLAB is ISO27001 certified. As described in ZY_ISP105 Cryptography policy. |
| EKM-02.3 | Do you maintain key management procedures? | X | | | ZyLAB is ISO27001 certified. As described in ZY_ISP105 Cryptography policy. |
| EKM-02.4 | Do you have documented ownership for each stage of the lifecycle of encryption keys? | | | X | |
| EKM-02.5 | Do you utilize any third party/open source/proprietary frameworks to manage encryption keys? | X | | | ZyLAB uses Azure Key Vault service to manage encryption keys |
| EKM-03.1 | Do you encrypt tenant data at rest (on disk/storage) within your environment? | X | | | ZyLAB encrypts At Rest – Both at Storage level as well as VM level with Azure managed Disks & Bitlocker. |
| EKM-03.2 | Do you leverage encryption to protect data and virtual machine images during transport across and between networks and hypervisor instances? | X | | | We utilize Azure Blobs which are encrypted automatically at rest. Blob transfer is done over HTTPS which is encrypted in transit. |
| EKM-03.3 | Do you have documentation establishing and defining your encryption management policies, procedures, and guidelines? | X | | | |
| EKM-04.1 | Do you have platform and data appropriate encryption that uses open/validated formats and standard algorithms? | X | | | We utilize Azure key Vault service to manage encryption keys. |
| EKM-04.2 | Are your encryption keys maintained by the cloud consumer or a trusted key management provider? | X | | | We utilize Azure key Vault service to manage encryption keys. |
| EKM-04.3 | Do you store encryption keys in the cloud? | X | | | We utilize Azure key Vault service to manage encryption keys. |
| EKM-04.4 | Do you have separate key management and key usage duties? | X | | | Azure Key Vault service manages keys and wrappers separately, based on the objectid properties of resources, the keys are used for. |
| GRM-01.1 | Do you have documented information security baselines for every component of your infrastructure (e.g., hypervisors, operating systems, routers, DNS servers, etc.)? | | X | | |
| GRM-01.2 | Do you have the capability to continuously monitor and report the compliance of your infrastructure against your information security baselines? | X | | | Security & Audit solution of Operational Insights Log Analytics provides this feature. |

| Question ID | Consensus Assessment Questions | Consensus Assessment Answers | | | Notes |
|-------------|---|------------------------------|----|----------------|---|
| | | Yes | No | Not Applicable | |
| GRM-02.1 | Does your organization's risk assessments take into account awareness of data residency, legal and statutory requirements for retention periods and data protection and classification? | X | | | |
| GRM-02.2 | Do you conduct risk assessments associated with data governance requirements at least once a year? | X | | | According to ISO27001 guidelines. |
| GRM-03.1 | Are your technical, business, and executive managers responsible for maintaining awareness of and compliance with security policies, procedures, and standards for both themselves and their employees as they pertain to the manager and employees' area of responsibility? | X | | | ZyLAB is ISO27001 certified. ZyLAB established ISMS board that governs Security within ZyLAB. |
| GRM-04.1 | Do you provide tenants with documentation describing your Information Security Management Program (ISMP)? | X | | | Upon request and according to ISO27001 guidelines. |
| GRM-04.2 | Do you review your Information Security Management Program (ISMP) at least once a year? | X | | | ZyLAB is ISO27001 & SOC2 certified. |
| GRM-05.1 | Do executive and line management take formal action to support information security through clearly-documented direction and commitment, and ensure the action has been assigned? | X | | | ZyLAB's executives and line managers are part of ZyLAB's Security steering committee and support ZyLAB's security program and ISMS |
| GRM-06.1 | Are your information security policies and procedures made available to all impacted personnel and business partners, authorized by accountable business role/function and supported by the information security management program as per industry best practices (e.g. ISO 27001, SOC 2)? | X | | | ZyLAB is ISO27001 & SOC2 certified. |
| GRM-06.2 | Are information security policies authorized by the organization's business leadership (or other accountable business role or function) and supported by a strategic business plan and an information security management program inclusive of defined information security roles and responsibilities for business leadership? | X | | | ZyLAB is ISO27001 & SOC2 certified. |
| GRM-06.3 | Do you have agreements to ensure your providers adhere to your information security and privacy policies? | X | | | ZyLAB is ISO27001 & SOC2 certified. |
| GRM-06.4 | Can you provide evidence of due diligence mapping of your controls, architecture, and processes to regulations and/or standards? | X | | | ZyLAB is ISO27001 & SOC2 certified. |
| GRM-06.5 | Do you disclose which controls, standards, certifications, and/or regulations you comply with? | X | | | ZyLAB is ISO27001 & SOC2 certified. Controls are described in policies, SOC2 reports and ZyLAB's ISO27001 SOA |
| GRM-07.1 | Is a formal disciplinary or sanction policy established for employees who have violated security policies and procedures? | X | | | as part of NDA, employment contract and Handbook |
| GRM-07.2 | Are employees made aware of what actions could be taken in the event of a violation via their policies and procedures? | X | | | as part of NDA, employment contract and Handbook |
| GRM-08.1 | Do risk assessment results include updates to security policies, procedures, standards, and controls to ensure they remain relevant and effective? | X | | | ZyLAB is ISO27001 & SOC2 certified. |
| GRM-09.1 | Do you notify your tenants when you make material changes to your information security and/or privacy policies? | | X | | |
| GRM-09.2 | Do you perform, at minimum, annual reviews to your privacy and security policies? | X | | | according to ISO27001 guidelines. ZyLAB continuously review and maintain our security and privacy policies and procedures. |
| GRM-10.1 | Are formal risk assessments aligned with the enterprise-wide framework and performed at least annually, or at planned intervals, determining the likelihood and impact of all identified risks, using qualitative and quantitative methods? | X | | | According to ISO27001/SOC2 guidelines. We are a learning organization. We implement ISMS board that performs formal risk assessment as well as the annual ISO & SOC2 certification audit. |
| GRM-10.2 | Is the likelihood and impact associated with inherent and residual risk determined independently, considering all risk categories? | X | | | According to ISO27001/SOC2 guidelines. All risk categories are taken into account. We gather inputs from continuous security testing activities, vulnerability scans, internal & external audits. |
| GRM-11.1 | Do you have a documented, organization-wide program in place to manage risk? | X | | | following the ISO27001 guidelines that cover organization-wide elements are the foundation of ZyLAB's security program. |
| GRM-11.2 | Do you make available documentation of your organization-wide risk management program? | X | | | information on ZyLAB's Security program can be found through ZyLAB's Trust Center. |

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| | | Yes | No | Not Applicable | |
| HRS-01.1 | Upon termination of contract or business relationship, are employees and business partners adequately informed of their obligations for returning organizationally-owned assets? | X | | | As defined in ZyLAB's HR policies and offboarding procedures |
| HRS-01.2 | Do you have asset return procedures outlining how assets should be returned within an established period? | X | | | As defined in ZyLAB's HR policies and offboarding procedures |
| HRS-02.1 | Pursuant to local laws, regulations, ethics, and contractual constraints, are all employment candidates, contractors, and involved third parties subject to background verification? | X | | | ZyLAB conducts background checks and verifications on all employees, contractors and other involved 3rd parties as part of ZyLAB HE security policy (and according to ISO27001 controls). |
| HRS-03.1 | Do your employment agreements incorporate provisions and/or terms in adherence to established information governance and security policies? | X | | | As defined in ZyLAB's HR policies and offboarding procedures |
| HRS-03.2 | Do you require that employment agreements are signed by newly hired or on-boarded workforce personnel prior to granting workforce personnel user access to corporate facilities, resources, and assets? | X | | | As defined in ZyLAB's HR policies and offboarding procedures |
| HRS-04.1 | Are documented policies, procedures, and guidelines in place to govern change in employment and/or termination? | X | | | As defined in ZyLAB's HR policies and offboarding procedures |
| HRS-04.2 | Do the above procedures and guidelines account for timely revocation of access and return of assets? | X | | | As defined in ZyLAB's HR policies and offboarding procedures. Part of ZyLAB ISMS. |
| HRS-05.1 | Are policies and procedures established and measures implemented to strictly limit access to your sensitive data and tenant data from portable and mobile devices (e.g., laptops, cell phones, and personal digital assistants (PDAs)), which are generally higher risk than non-portable devices (e.g., desktop computers at the provider organization's facilities)? | X | | | Tenant data can only be accessed from a secure location by limited personnel. All mobile devices management and access control is documented in ZY_ISP103 Asset Management & ZY_ISP104 Access Control policies and related procedures. (according to ISO27001 guidelines & controls). |
| HRS-06.1 | Are requirements for non-disclosure or confidentiality agreements reflecting the organization's needs for the protection of data and operational details identified, documented, and reviewed at planned intervals? | X | | | Yearly done, also the required background checks are regular renewed. |
| HRS-07.1 | Do you provide tenants with a role definition document clarifying your administrative responsibilities versus those of the tenant? | X | | | As described in ZyLAB's ZY_ISP104 Access Control policy and related procedures according to ISO27001 guidelines/controls. |
| HRS-08.1 | Do you have policies and procedures in place to define allowances and conditions for permitting usage of organizationally-owned or managed user end-point devices and IT infrastructure network and systems components? | X | | | Part of IT policies and procedures & ZyLAB ISMS |
| HRS-08.2 | Do you define allowance and conditions for BYOD devices and its applications to access corporate resources? | | | X | Not allowed |
| HRS-09.1 | Do you provide a formal, role-based, security awareness training program for cloud-related access and data management issues (e.g., multi-tenancy, nationality, cloud delivery model, segregation of duties implications, and conflicts of interest) for all persons with access to tenant data? | X | | | ZyLAB holds an annual security awareness training and dedicated security training per role. Cloud Ops members have dedicated security training program according to their role requirements. |
| HRS-09.2 | Do you specifically train your employees regarding their specific role and the information security controls they must fulfill? | X | | | ZyLAB holds an annual security awareness training and dedicated security training per role. Cloud Ops members have dedicated security training program according to their role requirements. |
| HRS-09.3 | Do you document employee acknowledgment of training they have completed? | X | | | |
| HRS-09.4 | Is successful and timed completion of the training program(s) considered a prerequisite for acquiring and maintaining access to sensitive systems? | | | X | All employees go through security training annually. Access is granted according to roles. |
| HRS-09.5 | Are personnel trained and provided with awareness programs at least once a year? | X | | | ZyLAB holds an annual security awareness training and dedicated security training per role. Cloud Ops members have dedicated security training program according to their role |
| HRS-09.6 | Are administrators and data stewards properly educated on their legal responsibilities with regard to security and data integrity? | X | | | |
| HRS-10.1 | Are personnel informed of their responsibilities for maintaining awareness and compliance with published security policies, procedures, standards, and applicable regulatory requirements? | X | | | |

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| | | Yes | No | Not Applicable | |
| HRS-10.2 | Are personnel informed of their responsibilities for maintaining a safe and secure working environment? | X | | | |
| HRS-10.3 | Are personnel informed of their responsibilities for ensuring that equipment is secured and not left unattended? | X | | | |
| HRS-11.1 | Are all computers and laptops configured such that there is lockout screen after a pre-defined amount of time? | X | | | Part of IT and asset management policies (ISO27001) |
| HRS-11.2 | Are there policies and procedures to ensure that unattended workspaces do not have openly visible (e.g., on a desktop) sensitive documents? | X | | | Part of IT and asset management policies (ISO27001) |
| IAM-01.1 | Do you restrict, log, and monitor access to your information security management systems (e.g., hypervisors, firewalls, vulnerability scanners, network sniffers, APIs, etc.)? | X | | | We use Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF) to monitor, detect, log and deflect access to the ZylAB system. Furthermore, Network Security Groups ensure only allowed communication is possible among network layers, as well as the Windows Firewall rules on the domain. Service Map solution ensures all infrastructure assets are currently communicating to corresponding destinations only. |
| IAM-01.2 | Do you monitor and log privileged access (e.g., administrator level) to information security management systems? | X | | | We use Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF) to monitor, detect, log and deflect access to the ZylAB system. |
| IAM-02.1 | Do you have controls in place ensuring timely removal of systems access that is no longer required for business purposes? | X | | | Access management is in place. Access permissions are given or removed according to existing policies and procedures (ZY_ISP104 Access Control, ZY_ISP102 Human Resource Security). |
| IAM-02.2 | Do you have policies, procedures and technical measures in place to ensure appropriate data/assets access management in adherence to legal, statutory or regulatory compliance requirements? | X | | | Access management is in place. Access permissions are given or removed according to existing policies and procedures (ZY_ISP104 Access Control, ZY_ISP102 Human Resource Security). |
| IAM-02.3 | Do you have procedures and technical measures in place for user account entitlement de-/provisioning based on the rule of least privilege? | X | | | Access management is in place. Access permissions are given or removed according to existing policies and procedures (ZY_ISP104 Access Control, ZY_ISP102 Human Resource Security). |
| IAM-02.4 | Do you have procedures and technical measures in place for data access segmentation in multi-tenant system architectures? | X | | | |
| IAM-02.5 | Do you enforce data access permissions based on the rules of Authentication, Authorization and Accountability (AAA)? | X | | | |
| IAM-02.6 | Do your policies and procedures incorporate security controls for establishing higher levels of assurance for critical business case considerations, supported by multifactor authentication? | X | | | Access management is in place. Access permissions are given or removed according to existing policies and procedures (ZY_ISP104 Access Control, ZY_ISP102 Human Resource Security). MFA is in place when accessing critical business case considerations |
| IAM-02.7 | Do you provide metrics to track the speed with which you are able to remove systems access that is no longer required for business purposes? | | X | | |
| IAM-03.1 | Is user access to diagnostic and configuration ports restricted to authorized individuals and applications? | X | | | Only ZylAB authorized personnel (Cloud Ops) can access diagnostics and configuration ports |
| IAM-04.1 | Do you manage and store the identity of all personnel who have access to the IT infrastructure, including their level of access? | X | | | Using Microsoft Active Directory |
| IAM-04.2 | Do you manage and store the user identity of all personnel who have network access, including their level of access? | X | | | Using Microsoft Active Directory |
| IAM-05.1 | Do you provide tenants with documentation on how you maintain segregation of duties within your cloud service offering? | X | | | some of the information is included in ZylAB's Trust Center. Additional information can be shared through ZylAB's security policies upon request. |
| IAM-06.1 | Are controls in place to prevent unauthorized access to your application, program, or object source code, and assure it is restricted to authorized personnel only? | X | | | Security in Development environment: repositories, version control & tools are all deployed locally within the ZylAB internal network and are only accessible by ZylAB Developers. Defined roles, access and permissions are in place and systems are managed internally by ZylAB. |
| IAM-06.2 | Are controls in place to prevent unauthorized access to tenant application, program, or object source code, and assure it is restricted to authorized personnel only? | X | | | Only Cloud Operations team members have access to Production environment. Access can only be done from the internal ZylAB Nextwork in a secure environment. Controls are in place and follow rule of least privilege. |
| IAM-07.1 | Does your organization conduct third-party unauthorized access risk assessments? | X | | | Part of ZylAB's ISMS and Risk management policies |

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| | | Yes | No | Not Applicable | |
| IAM-07.2 | Are preventive, detective, corrective compensating controls in place to mitigate impacts of unauthorized or inappropriate access? | X | | | Part of Zylab's ISMS and Risk management policies as well as technical controls are in place |
| IAM-08.1 | Do you document how you grant, approve and enforce access restrictions to tenant/customer credentials following the rules of least privilege? | X | | | As Described in the ZY_ISP104 Access Control Policy and related Procedures. |
| IAM-08.2 | Based on the rules of least privilege, do you have policies and procedures established for permissible storage and access of identities used for authentication? | X | | | As Described in the ZY_ISP104 Access Control Policy and related Procedures. |
| IAM-08.3 | Do you limit identities' replication only to users explicitly defined as business necessary? | X | | | As Described in the ZY_ISP104 Access Control Policy and related Procedures. |
| IAM-09.1 | Does your management provision the authorization and restrictions for user access (e.g., employees, contractors, customers (tenants), business partners, and/or suppliers) prior to their access to data and any owned or managed (physical and virtual) applications, infrastructure systems, and network components? | X | | | As Described in the ZY_ISP104 Access Control Policy and related Procedures. |
| IAM-09.2 | Do you provide upon the request of users with legitimate interest access (e.g., employees, contractors, customers (tenants), business partners and/or suppliers) to data and any owned or managed (physical and virtual) applications, infrastructure systems and network components? | X | | | User access is defined in the ZY_ISP104 Access Control Policy and related procedures. Tenant users are defined according to roles and assigned to Tenant only. Only Zylab Cloud Operations users have access to infrastructure and network. Business partners might have user access to Tenants applications. |
| IAM-10.1 | Do you require a periodical authorization and validation (e.g. at least annually) of the entitlements for all system users and administrators (exclusive of users maintained by your tenants), based on the rule of least privilege, by business leadership or other accountable business role or function? | X | | | According to ISO27001 guidelines Zylab performs an annual review of users and users access |
| IAM-10.2 | Do you collect evidence to demonstrate that the policy (see question IAM-10.1) has been enforced? | X | | | According to ISO27001 & SOC2 guidelines Zylab performs an annual review of users and users access and verifies policy is enforced |
| IAM-10.3 | Do you ensure that remediation actions for access violations follow user access policies? | X | | | |
| IAM-10.4 | Will you share user entitlement and remediation reports with your tenants, if inappropriate access may have been allowed to tenant data? | X | | | Upon request and according to ISO27001 & SOC2 guidelines. |
| IAM-11.1 | Is timely deprovisioning, revocation, or modification of user access to the organizations systems, information assets, and data implemented upon any change in status of employees, contractors, customers, business partners, or involved third parties? | X | | | According to ISO27001 guidelines and as described in ZY_ISP104 Access Control Policy and related procedures. |
| IAM-11.2 | Is any change in user access status intended to include termination of employment, contract or agreement, change of employment or transfer within the organization? | X | | | According to ISO27001 guidelines and as described in ZY_ISP104 Access Control Policy and related procedures. As well as in ZY_ISP102 Human Resource Security Policy |
| IAM-12.1 | Do you support use of, or integration with, existing customer-based Single Sign On (SSO) solutions to your service? | X | | | We use Azure B2C with 2Factor Authentication. We follow the OpenID Connect standard. |
| IAM-12.2 | Do you use open standards to delegate authentication capabilities to your tenants? | X | | | We use Azure B2C with 2Factor Authentication. We follow the OpenID Connect standard. |
| IAM-12.3 | Do you support identity federation standards (e.g., SAML, SPML, WS-Federation, etc.) as a means of authenticating/authorizing users? | X | | | We use Azure B2C with 2Factor Authentication. We follow the OpenID Connect standard. |
| IAM-12.4 | Do you have a Policy Enforcement Point capability (e.g., XACML) to enforce regional legal and policy constraints on user access? | X | | | Azure B2C offers customizable policy constraints such as sign in/sign up, profile editing and password reset policies, that could be applicable to different tenants with different enforcements. |
| IAM-12.5 | Do you have an identity management system (enabling classification of data for a tenant) in place to enable both role-based and context-based entitlement to data? | X | | | We use Azure B2C with 2Factor Authentication. We follow the OpenID Connect standard. Role based and entitlement based access to Data is managed within the Zylab solution |
| IAM-12.6 | Do you provide tenants with strong (multifactor) authentication options (e.g., digital certs, tokens, biometrics, etc.) for user access? | X | | | We use Azure B2C with 2Factor Authentication. We follow the OpenID Connect standard. |
| IAM-12.7 | Do you allow tenants to use third-party identity assurance services? | X | | | We use Azure B2C with 2Factor Authentication. We follow the OpenID Connect standard. |
| IAM-12.8 | Do you support password (e.g., minimum length, age, history, complexity) and account lockout (e.g., lockout threshold, lockout duration) policy enforcement? | X | | | We use Azure B2C with 2Factor Authentication. We follow the OpenID Connect standard. Policies are defined within Azure B2C to support password and account lockout. |
| IAM-12.9 | Do you allow tenants/customers to define password and account lockout policies for their accounts? | X | | | Zylab is the only one responsible to define password and account lockouts within Azure B2C. When SSO is used through customer AD then customer can define password and account lockout policies |
| IAM-12.10 | Do you support the ability to force password changes upon first login? | X | | | As defined within Zylab's Azure B2C policies |
| IAM-12.11 | Do you have mechanisms in place for unlocking accounts that have been locked out (e.g., self-service via email, defined challenge questions, manual unlock)? | X | | | As defined within Zylab's Azure B2C policies |
| IAM-13.1 | Are access to utility programs used to manage virtualized partitions (e.g. shutdown, clone, etc) appropriately restricted and monitored? | X | | | utility programs are restricted and limited and can only be used by Zylab Cloud Operations. Usage is monitored. |

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|-------------|---|------------------------------|----|----------------|---|
| | | Yes | No | Not Applicable | |
| IVS-01.1 | Are file integrity (host) and network intrusion detection (IDS) tools implemented to help facilitate timely detection, investigation by root cause analysis, and response to incidents? | X | | | Monitoring is done by Azure WAF (detection and prevention of suspicious activity) and Azure Application Insights |
| IVS-01.2 | Is physical and logical user access to audit logs restricted to authorized personnel? | X | | | Only Cloud Operations team members can access logs from a secure location within the ZylAB Network and office only. |
| IVS-01.3 | Can you provide evidence that due diligence mapping of regulations and standards to your controls/architecture/processes has been performed? | X | | | We follow the ISO27001 standard and ZylAB controls/architecture/processes are aligned to this standard. |
| IVS-01.4 | Are audit logs centrally stored and retained? | X | | | All application, audit, diagnostic, activity and event logs are sent to central log analytics workspace to be analyzed back to 90 days, as well as to a storage account that serves as log hub with the retention of 366 days. |
| IVS-01.5 | Are audit logs reviewed on a regular basis for security events (e.g., with automated tools)? | X | | | ZylAB uses Operational Management Suite product that has Security & Audit, Change Tracking, Alerting and Service Map solutions, that can trigger alerts for Action Groups. All dashboards for solutions are checked by OPS on a daily basis. |
| IVS-02.1 | Do you log and alert any changes made to virtual machine images regardless of their running state (e.g., dormant, off or running)? | X | | | Managed by Microsoft Azure |
| IVS-02.2 | Does the virtual machine management infrastructure include a tamper audit or software integrity function to detect changes to the build/configuration of the virtual machine? | X | | | Managed by Microsoft Azure |
| IVS-02.3 | Are changes made to virtual machines, or moving of an image and subsequent validation of the image's integrity, made immediately available to customers through electronic methods (e.g., portals or alerts)? | X | | | Managed by Microsoft Azure |
| IVS-03.1 | Do you use a synchronized time-service protocol (e.g., NTP) to ensure all systems have a common time reference? | X | | | Managed by Microsoft Azure |
| IVS-04.1 | Do you provide documentation regarding what levels of system (e.g., network, storage, memory, I/O, etc.) oversubscription you maintain and under what circumstances/scenarios? | X | | | Managed by Microsoft Azure |
| IVS-04.2 | Do you restrict use of the memory oversubscription capabilities present in the hypervisor? | X | | | Managed by Microsoft Azure |
| IVS-04.3 | Does your system's capacity requirements take into account current, projected, and anticipated capacity needs for all systems used to provide services to the tenants? | X | | | Managed by Microsoft Azure |
| IVS-04.4 | Is system performance monitored and tuned in order to continuously meet regulatory, contractual, and business requirements for all the systems used to provide services to the tenants? | X | | | ZylAB Software and depending technologies such as SQL Server, are installed with best practices; including the disk configuration aiming high throughput and maximum IOPS. As a SaaS provider we offer stable and high performance options as Standard and Premium packages. |
| IVS-05.1 | Do security vulnerability assessment tools or services accommodate the virtualization technologies being used (e.g., virtualization aware)? | X | | | Managed by Microsoft Azure |
| IVS-06.1 | For your IaaS offering, do you provide customers with guidance on how to create a layered security architecture equivalence using your virtualized solution? | | | X | Azure Documents |
| IVS-06.2 | Do you regularly update network architecture diagrams that include data flows between security domains/zones? | X | | | According to ISO27001 & SOC2 guidelines. ZylAB is ISO27001 & SOC2 certified. |
| IVS-06.3 | Do you regularly review for appropriateness the allowed access/connectivity (e.g., firewall rules) between security domains/zones within the network? | X | | | According to ISO27001 & SOC2 guidelines. ZylAB is ISO27001 & SOC2 certified. |
| IVS-06.4 | Are all firewall access control lists documented with business justification? | X | | | According to ISO27001 guidelines. ZylAB is ISO27001 certified. |
| IVS-07.1 | Are operating systems hardened to provide only the necessary ports, protocols, and services to meet business needs using technical controls (e.g., antivirus, file integrity monitoring, and logging) as part of their baseline build standard or template? | X | | | ZylAB uses custom images where ZylAB software is installed as templates and applies monitoring, anti-malware, disk encryption agents via VM extensions during and/or after deployments. ZylAB Images are updated with each release. Windows Firewall and File System rights can be changed according to release notes. Further restrictions on networking are applied by Network Security Groups as a part of the same deployment script. |
| IVS-08.1 | For your SaaS or PaaS offering, do you provide tenants with separate environments for production and test processes? | X | | | Each customer environment is segregated/isolated by Azure Network Security Groups (NSG) |
| IVS-08.2 | For your IaaS offering, do you provide tenants with guidance on how to create suitable production and test environments? | | | X | Only ZylAB Cloud Operations members are creating Production or SaaS testing environments. |
| IVS-08.3 | Do you logically and physically segregate production and non-production environments? | X | | | Development and Testing environments are internal in the ZylAB network. All customer/tenant environment are in the Azure Production environment. |
| IVS-09.1 | Are system and network environments protected by a firewall or virtual firewall to ensure business and customer security requirements? | X | | | By Azure Web application Firewall (WAF). https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/application-gateway-web-application-firewall-overview |
| IVS-09.2 | Are system and network environments protected by a firewall or virtual firewall to ensure compliance with legal, regulatory and contractual requirements? | X | | | By Azure Web application Firewall (WAF). https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/application-gateway-web-application-firewall-overview |

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|-------------|--|------------------------------|----|----------------|--|
| | | Yes | No | Not Applicable | |
| IVS-09.3 | Have you implemented the necessary measures for the appropriate isolation and segmentation of tenants' access to infrastructure system and network components, in adherence to established policies, legal, statutory, and regulatory compliance obligations? | X | | | Azure Network Security Groups (NSG) for customer/tenant isolation & Encryption At rest (Azure managed Disks & BitLocker) and In transit (HTTPS with TLS 1.2, SHA 256-2048 bits) |
| IVS-09.4 | Do you have the ability to logically segment or encrypt customer data such that data may be produced for a single tenant only, without inadvertently accessing another tenant's data? | X | | | Azure Network Security Groups (NSG) for customer/tenant isolation & Encryption At rest (Azure managed Disks & BitLocker) and In transit (HTTPS with TLS 1.2, SHA 256-2048 bits) |
| IVS-09.5 | Are system and network environments protected by a firewall or virtual firewall to ensure protection and isolation of sensitive data? | X | | | By Azure Web application Firewall (WAF) and Azure Network Security Groups (NSG). https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/application-gateway-web-application-firewall-overview |
| IVS-10.1 | Are secured and encrypted communication channels used when migrating physical servers, applications, or data to virtual servers? | X | | | BitLocker encrypted virtual hard drives are moved to Azure storage over https for data migration. Infrastructure and Applications are re-deployed. Data is restored from Azure Storage. |
| IVS-10.2 | Do you use a network segregated from production-level networks when migrating physical servers, applications, or data to virtual servers? | X | | | Managed by Microsoft Azure. |
| IVS-11.1 | Do you restrict personnel access to all hypervisor management functions or administrative consoles for systems hosting virtualized systems based on the principle of least privilege and supported through technical controls (e.g., two-factor authentication, audit trails, IP address filtering, firewalls and TLS-encapsulated communications to the administrative consoles)? | X | | | Only ZyLAB Cloud Operations can access the virtualized production environment. 2Factor (Azure B2C), Firewall (Azure WAF) and TLS 1.2 encrypted communication are in place. According to ISO 27001 & SOC2 guidelines. |
| IVS-12.1 | Are policies and procedures established and mechanisms configured and implemented to protect the wireless network environment perimeter and to restrict unauthorized wireless traffic? | | | X | ZyLAB production environment does not support wireless network. |
| IVS-12.2 | Are policies and procedures established and mechanisms implemented to ensure wireless security settings are enabled with strong encryption for authentication and transmission, replacing vendor default settings (e.g., encryption keys, passwords, SNMP community strings)? | | | X | ZyLAB production environment does not support wireless network. |
| IVS-12.3 | Are policies and procedures established and mechanisms implemented to protect wireless network environments and detect the presence of unauthorized (rogue) network devices for a timely disconnect from the network? | | | X | ZyLAB production environment does not support wireless network. |
| IVS-13.1 | Do your network architecture diagrams clearly identify high-risk environments and data flows that may have legal compliance impacts? | X | | | Network HLD and ZyLAB One topology clearly explains the subnet connectivity and allowed communications, as well as the logging and monitoring capabilities. |
| IVS-13.2 | Do you implement technical measures and apply defense-in-depth techniques (e.g., deep packet analysis, traffic throttling and black-holing) for detection and timely response to network-based attacks associated with anomalous ingress or egress traffic patterns (e.g., MAC spoofing and ARP poisoning attacks) and/or distributed denial-of-service (DDoS) attacks? | X | | | ZyLAB uses Azure basic DDoS prevention on Virtual Network and internet facing endpoint (Web Application Firewall) works with built-in OWASP 3.0 rule set to detect, which is also deployed to virtual network that has basic DDoS protection plan. |
| IPY-01.1 | Do you publish a list of all APIs available in the service and indicate which are standard and which are customized? | | | X | APIs are only used for internal communication of ZyLAB Software. No APIs are currently publicly available for 3rd parties. |
| IPY-02.1 | Is unstructured customer data available on request in an industry-standard format (e.g., .doc, .xls, or .pdf)? | X | | | customer documents can be downloaded/produced as natives (industry-standard format (e.g., .doc, .xls, .pdf, logs, and flat files).) through the ZyLAB solution |
| IPY-03.1 | Do you provide policies and procedures (i.e. service level agreements) governing the use of APIs for interoperability between your service and third-party applications? | | X | | The ZyLAB solution currently does not publish public APIs. |
| IPY-03.2 | If using virtual infrastructure, do you allow virtual machine images to be downloaded and ported to a new cloud provider? | | X | | |
| IPY-03.3 | Do you provide policies and procedures (i.e. service level agreements) governing the migration of application data to and from your service? | | X | | The ZyLAB solution currently does not publish public APIs. |
| IPY-04.1 | Is data import, data export, and service management be conducted over secure (e.g., non-clear text and authenticated), industry accepted standardized network protocols? | X | | | Data import, export and service management is available to authenticated users only. Transport is encrypted using HTTPS with TLS v1.2, SHA 256-2048 bits |
| IPY-04.2 | Do you provide consumers (tenants) with documentation detailing the relevant interoperability and portability network protocol standards that are involved? | X | | | Upon request. According to ISO 27001 guidelines. |
| IPY-05.1 | Do you use an industry-recognized virtualization platform and standard virtualization formats (e.g., OVF) to help ensure interoperability? | X | | | ZyLAB use Azure IaaS & PaaS as virtualization platform. |

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| | | Yes | No | Not Applicable | |
| IPY-05.2 | If using virtual infrastructure, are machine images made available to the customer in a way that would allow the customer to replicate those images in their own off-site storage location? | | X | | |
| IPY-05.3 | Do you have documented custom changes made to any hypervisor in use, and all solution-specific virtualization hooks available for customer review? | | | X | Managed by Microsoft. |
| MOS-01.1 | Do you provide anti-malware training specific to mobile devices as part of your information security awareness training? | X | | | anti-malware (also specific to mobile devices) is part of the Security awareness program in Zylab. |
| MOS-02.1 | Do you document and make available lists of approved application stores for mobile devices accessing or storing company data and/or company systems? | | | X | |
| MOS-03.1 | Do you have a policy enforcement capability (e.g., XACML) to ensure that only approved applications and those from approved application stores can be loaded onto a mobile device? | | | X | |
| MOS-04.1 | Does your BYOD policy and training clearly state which applications and applications stores are approved for use on BYOD devices? | | | X | |
| MOS-05.1 | Do you have a documented mobile device policy in your employee training that clearly defines mobile devices and the accepted usage and requirements for mobile devices? | X | | | |
| MOS-06.1 | Do you have a documented list of pre-approved cloud based services that are allowed to be used for use and storage of company business data via a mobile device? | | | X | |
| MOS-07.1 | Do you have a documented application validation process for testing device, operating system, and application compatibility issues? | | | X | |
| MOS-08.1 | Do you have a BYOD policy that defines the device(s) and eligibility requirements allowed for BYOD usage? | | | X | |
| MOS-09.1 | Do you maintain an inventory of all mobile devices storing and accessing company data which includes device status (e.g., operating system and patch levels, lost or decommissioned, device assignee)? | X | | | |
| MOS-10.1 | Do you have a centralized mobile device management solution deployed to all mobile devices that are permitted to store, transmit, or process company data? | | X | | |
| MOS-11.1 | Does your mobile device policy require the use of encryption for either the entire device or for data identified as sensitive enforceable through technology controls for all mobile devices? | X | | | |
| MOS-12.1 | Does your mobile device policy prohibit the circumvention of built-in security controls on mobile devices (e.g., jailbreaking or rooting)? | | X | | |
| MOS-12.2 | Do you have detective and preventative controls on the device or via a centralized device management system which prohibit the circumvention of built-in security controls? | | X | | |

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|-------------|--|------------------------------|----|----------------|--|
| | | Yes | No | Not Applicable | |
| MOS-13.1 | Does your BYOD policy clearly define the expectation of privacy, requirements for litigation, e-discovery, and legal holds? | X | | | |
| MOS-13.2 | Does the BYOD policy clearly state the expectations over the loss of non-company data in case a wipe of the device is required? | | X | | |
| MOS-14.1 | Do you require and enforce via technical controls an automatic lockout screen for BYOD and company owned devices? | | X | | |
| MOS-15.1 | Do you manage all changes to mobile device operating systems, patch levels, and applications via your company's change management processes? | | X | | |
| MOS-16.1 | Do you have password policies for enterprise issued mobile devices and/or BYOD mobile devices? | X | | | |
| MOS-16.2 | Are your password policies enforced through technical controls (i.e. MDM)? | X | | | |
| MOS-16.3 | Do your password policies prohibit the changing of authentication requirements (i.e. password/PIN length) via a mobile device? | X | | | |
| MOS-17.1 | Do you have a policy that requires BYOD users to perform backups of specified corporate data? | | X | | |
| MOS-17.2 | Do you have a policy that requires BYOD users to prohibit the usage of unapproved application stores? | | | X | |
| MOS-17.3 | Do you have a policy that requires BYOD users to use anti-malware software (where supported)? | | X | | |
| MOS-18.1 | Does your IT provide remote wipe or corporate data wipe for all company-accepted BYOD devices? | X | | | |
| MOS-18.2 | Does your IT provide remote wipe or corporate data wipe for all company-assigned mobile devices? | X | | | |
| MOS-19.1 | Do your mobile devices have the latest available security-related patches installed upon general release by the device manufacturer or carrier? | | | X | |
| MOS-19.2 | Do your mobile devices allow for remote validation to download the latest security patches by company IT personnel? | | | X | |
| MOS-20.1 | Does your BYOD policy clarify the systems and servers allowed for use or access on the BYOD-enabled device? | | | X | |
| MOS-20.2 | Does your BYOD policy specify the user roles that are allowed access via a BYOD-enabled device? | | | X | |
| SEF-01.1 | Do you maintain liaisons and points of contact with local authorities in accordance with contracts and appropriate regulations? | | X | | |
| SEF-02.1 | Do you have a documented security incident response plan? | X | | | According to ISO27001 guidelines as illustrated in ZY_ISP111 Management of Information Security Incidents policy and related procedures. |
| SEF-02.2 | Do you integrate customized tenant requirements into your security incident response plans? | | X | | ZY_ISP111 Management of Information Security Incidents policy is a generic policy applicable to all ZyLAB's customers |
| SEF-02.3 | Do you publish a roles and responsibilities document specifying what you vs. your tenants are responsible for during security incidents? | X | | | According to ISO27001 guidelines as illustrated in ZY_ISP111 Management of Information Security Incidents policy and related procedures. |
| SEF-02.4 | Have you tested your security incident response plans in the last year? | X | | | Incident response plans are tested annually as part of ZyLAV ISMS and ISO27001 & SOC2 requirements |
| SEF-03.1 | Are workforce personnel and external business relationships adequately informed of their responsibility, and, if required, consent and/or contractually required to report all information security events in a timely manner? | X | | | According to ISO27001 guidelines as illustrated in ZY_ISP111 Management of Information Security Incidents policy and related procedures. |

| Question ID | Consensus Assessment Questions | Consensus Assessment Answers | | | Notes |
|-------------|--|------------------------------|----|----------------|--|
| | | Yes | No | Not Applicable | |
| SEF-03.2 | Do you have predefined communication channels for workforce personnel and external business partners to report incidents in a timely manner adhering to applicable legal, statutory, or regulatory compliance obligations? | X | | | According to ISO27001 guidelines as illustrated in ZY_ISP111 Management of Information Security Incidents policy and related procedures. |
| SEF-04.1 | Does your incident response plan comply with industry standards for legally admissible chain-of-custody management processes and controls? | X | | | According to ISO27001 guidelines as illustrated in ZY_ISP111 Management of Information Security Incidents policy and related procedures. |
| SEF-04.2 | Does your incident response capability include the use of legally admissible forensic data collection and analysis techniques? | X | | | According to ISO27001 guidelines as illustrated in ZY_ISP111 Management of Information Security Incidents policy and related procedures. |
| SEF-04.3 | Are you capable of supporting litigation holds (freeze of data from a specific point in time) for a specific tenant without freezing other tenant data? | X | | | Tenants/customers are segregated/isolated allowing support of legal holds for a specific tenant. |
| SEF-04.4 | Do you enforce and attest to tenant data separation when producing data in response to legal subpoenas? | X | | | |
| SEF-05.1 | Do you monitor and quantify the types, volumes, and impacts on all information security incidents? | X | | | According to ISO27001 & SOC2 guidelines as illustrated in ZY_ISP111 Management of Information Security Incidents policy and related procedures. |
| SEF-05.2 | Will you share statistical information for security incident data with your tenants upon request? | X | | | according to ISO27001 & SOC2 guidelines and upon request. |
| STA-01.1 | Do you inspect and account for data quality errors and associated risks, and work with your cloud supply-chain partners to correct them? | X | | | |
| STA-01.2 | Do you design and implement controls to mitigate and contain data security risks through proper separation of duties, role-based access, and least-privileged access for all personnel within your supply chain? | X | | | According to ISO 27001 guidelines and as described in ZY_ISP104 Access control, ZY_ISP110 Supplier Management, ZY_ISP107 Operations Security policies and related procedures. |
| STA-02.1 | Do you make security incident information available to all affected customers and providers periodically through electronic methods (e.g., portals)? | X | | | According to ISO 27001 guidelines and as described in ZY_ISP111 Management of Information security Incident policy and related procedures. |
| STA-03.1 | Do you collect capacity and use data for all relevant components of your cloud service offering? | X | | | ZyLAB collects Infrastructure diagnostics and use data to increase productivity of existing infrastructure. |
| STA-03.2 | Do you provide tenants with capacity planning and use reports? | X | | | ZyLAB ensures that tenants receive a high quality service and no interruptions can affect tenants due to lack of capacity planning. Use reports are only provided to make billing data meaningful for the clients. |
| STA-04.1 | Do you perform annual internal assessments of conformance and effectiveness of your policies, procedures, and supporting measures and metrics? | X | | | according to ISO 27001 guidelines. ZyLAB is ISO27001 certified. |
| STA-05.1 | Do you select and monitor outsourced providers in compliance with laws in the country where the data is processed, stored, and transmitted? | X | | | We rely on Azure Compliancy. See https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/trustcenter/compliance AND https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/trustcenter/common-controls-hub |
| STA-05.2 | Do you select and monitor outsourced providers to ensure that they are in compliance with applicable legislation? | X | | | We rely on Azure Compliancy. See https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/trustcenter/compliance AND https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/trustcenter/common-controls-hub |
| STA-05.3 | Does legal counsel review all third-party agreements? | X | | | As described in ZY_ISP110 Supplier Management Policy and according to ISO27001 guidelines. |
| STA-05.4 | Do third-party agreements include provision for the security and protection of information and assets? | X | | | |
| STA-05.5 | Do you have the capability to recover data for a specific customer in the case of a failure or data loss? | X | | | ZyLAB utilize Azure backup & restore services. |
| STA-05.6 | Do you have the capability to restrict the storage of customer data to specific countries or geographic locations? | X | | | ZyLAB currently support 2 Azure geo locations: US (East) & EU (West Europe). |
| STA-05.7 | Can you provide the physical location/geography of storage of a tenant's data upon request? | X | | | ZyLAB currently support 2 Azure geo locations: US (East) & EU (West Europe). |
| STA-05.8 | Can you provide the physical location/geography of storage of a tenant's data in advance? | X | | | ZyLAB currently support 2 Azure geo locations: US (East) & EU (West Europe). |
| STA-05.9 | Do you allow tenants to define acceptable geographical locations for data routing or resource instantiation? | | X | | |
| STA-05.10 | Are systems in place to monitor for privacy breaches and notify tenants expeditiously if a privacy event may have impacted their data? | X | | | Part of ZyLAB ISMS and defined in Security Incident Management policy |
| STA-05.11 | Do you allow tenants to opt out of having their data/metadata accessed via inspection technologies? | | | X | |
| STA-05.12 | Do you provide the client with a list and copies of all subprocessing agreements and keep this updated? | | X | | |

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|-------------|---|------------------------------|----|----------------|--|
| | | Yes | No | Not Applicable | |
| STA-06.1 | Do you review the risk management and governance processes of partners to account for risks inherited from other members of that partner's supply chain? | X | | | ZyLAB maintains appropriate relationship management with key third party suppliers and implements mechanisms in line with their relationship to the business. ZyLAB's third party management processes are reviewed annually as part of ZyLAB ongoing compliance with ISO27001 & SOC2. |
| STA-07.1 | Are policies and procedures established, and supporting business processes and technical measures implemented, for maintaining complete, accurate, and relevant agreements (e.g., SLAs) between providers and customers (tenants)? | X | | | according to ISO 27001 guidelines as described in ZY_ISP107 Operation Security and ZY_ISP110 Supplier Management policies. |
| STA-07.2 | Do you have the ability to measure and address non-conformance of provisions and/or terms across the entire supply chain (upstream/downstream)? | X | | | ZyLAB maintains appropriate relationship management with key third party suppliers and implements mechanisms in line with their relationship to the business. ZyLAB's third party management processes are reviewed annually as part of ZyLAB ongoing compliance with ISO27001. |
| STA-07.3 | Can you manage service-level conflicts or inconsistencies resulting from disparate supplier relationships? | | | X | |
| STA-07.4 | Do you provide tenants with ongoing visibility and reporting of your operational Service Level Agreement (SLA) performance? | X | | | via a status page, reports |
| STA-07.5 | Do you make standards-based information security metrics (CSA, CAMM, etc.) available to your tenants? | | X | | |
| STA-07.6 | Do you provide customers with ongoing visibility and reporting of your SLA performance? | X | | | via a status page, reports |
| STA-07.7 | Do your data management policies and procedures address tenant and service level conflicts of interests? | X | | | |
| STA-07.8 | Do you review all service level agreements at least annually? | X | | | |
| STA-08.1 | Do you assure reasonable information security across your information supply chain by performing an annual review? | X | | | As part of ISO27001 compliancy program. ZyLAB is ISO27001 certified. |
| STA-08.2 | Does your annual review include all partners/third-party providers upon which your information supply chain depends? | X | | | We focus on the crucial partners/3rd party providers (such as Azure and ZenDesk). |
| STA-09.1 | Do you mandate annual information security reviews and audits of your third party providers to ensure that all agreed upon security requirements are met? | X | | | |
| STA-09.2 | Do you have external third party services conduct vulnerability scans and periodic penetration tests on your applications and networks? | X | | | Upon request and with coordination with ZyLAB as described in ZY_ISP109 System acquisition, Development and maintenance policy. |
| TVM-01.1 | Do you have anti-malware programs that support or connect to your cloud service offerings installed on all of your IT infrastructure network and systems components? | X | | | We utilize Microsoft Antimalware for Azure Cloud Services. Details are available in ZY_ISP107 Operation Security policy & ZY_ISP103 Asset Management policy |
| TVM-01.2 | Do you ensure that security threat detection systems using signatures, lists, or behavioral patterns are updated across all infrastructure components as prescribed by industry best practices? | X | | | Windows Defender and Microsoft anti-malware services are deployed via VM extensions, that ensures both agents are signatures are up to date. Any failed or late upgrade action triggers an alert to notify OPS to check consistency. |
| TVM-02.1 | Do you conduct network-layer vulnerability scans regularly as prescribed by industry best practices? | X | | | according to ISO 27001 and as described in ZY_ISP107 Operation Security policy |
| TVM-02.2 | Do you conduct application-layer vulnerability scans regularly as prescribed by industry best practices? | X | | | according to ISO 27001 and as described in ZY_ISP109 System Acquisition, development and maintenance policy. We follow OWASP framework and use SonarQube for static code analysis and OWASP ZAP for dynamic pentests |
| TVM-02.3 | Do you conduct local operating system-layer vulnerability scans regularly as prescribed by industry best practices? | X | | | Local OS layer scans are traced and reported with Security & Audit solution of Operational Insights Log Analytics |
| TVM-02.4 | Will you make the results of vulnerability scans available to tenants at their request? | X | | | Upon request. Requires NDA. |
| TVM-02.5 | Do you have a capability to patch vulnerabilities across all of your computing devices, applications, and systems? | X | | | Updates are patched by Windows Update Management Solution of Operational Insights Log Analytics. Any manual patches can be applied through Secure Cloud OPS workstation via PSRemoting. |
| TVM-02.6 | Do you inform customers (tenant) of policies and procedures and identified weaknesses if customer (tenant) data is used as part the service and/or customer (tenant) has some shared responsibility over implementation of control? | X | | | Upon request to review ISMS policies and SOC2 reports/audits |
| TVM-03.1 | Is mobile code authorized before its installation and use, and the code configuration checked, to ensure that the authorized mobile code operates according to a clearly defined security policy? | | | X | no mobile code is allowed in the ZyLAB environment. All code goes through the ZyLAB Secure software development process. |

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|-------------|---|------------------------------|----|----------------|--|
| | | Yes | No | Not Applicable | |
| TVM-03.2 | Is all unauthorized mobile code prevented from executing? | | | X | no mobile code is allowed in the ZyLAB environment. All code goes through the ZyLAB Secure software development process. |
| | | | | | |